CITY OF WASHINGTON

SATURDAY NIGHT, OCTOBER 11, 1845. PECIFIC DUTIES OF THE ACT OF '42 THE INTELLIGENCER ON THE TARIFF. nder. We expected they would re they had gone far in the race, but

nust again express our acknowledge

orary will only behave itself like a docile and

ry, who, from his position, ought to know

rill do in rebutting the arguments of the "Union" small performances. It vapored just so, when i ed to expose the Postmaster General to the ensure of the country, for assuming (as the Nationsensure of the country, for assuming (as the National Intelligencer pretended) the power to arrange the mail to Texas. It vapored just so, when it threatened to demolish the Secretary of War, for arrogating (as it also pretended) a power to call out the militia, through one of the major generals of the army, in defance, as it would have us to believe, of the consistent of the major generals of the army, in defance, as it would have us to believe, of the consistent of the major generals of the army, in defance, as it would have us to believe, of the consistent of the major generals of the army, in defance, as it would have us to believe, of the consistent of the major generals of the service of the consistence of the year have taken into account, however, that extent. It must be taken into account, however, that exte al Intelligencer pretended) the power to arrange the

We understand that the following letter is from the pen of as honest and faithful a democrat as

statesman:

Extract from a letter from Jefferson county, New York, under date of Oct. 6. 1845.

"We have had our county convention in this county, and we have done all things up right. We passed strong resolutions in favor of the President's measures, and also in favor of our most excellent Governor Wright; and all done most candidly and unanimously by all the members of the convention. We had some lobby members and others, of Watertown, trying to get up a difficulty—trying to make us believe that if we ever went to support Mr. Wright, we were the President's enemies, and we should be turned out of office. They said there was a letter in Watertown, writen to inquire how the custom-house officers voted in convention; and if we voted to support Mr. Wright, we should be turned out of office. I cannot believe that any of Mr. Polk's friends at Washington would write such a letter."

We do not believe that any friend of the present administration ever wrote such a letter as the one

administration ever wrote such a letter as the one bel to assert that President Polk is hostile to Governor Wright. It is a fraud upon the whole people, to make any such representations. The President is not hostile to any democrat, nor will his administration be used to injure any member of the great democratic family. It is not only idle, but it is wicked in the extreme, for any nan to pretend that the President entertains hostil feelings towards any member of the democratic party. He goes with his brother democrats, for carrying out the creed of the republican party, as proclaimed in the Baltimore resolutions of 1840, nd which were reiterated in 1844. In support of are firmly united. To all who engage in their sup-port, he extends the cordial right hand of fellow-ship. We hope this will satisfy the writer of the above-mentioned letter, and all others, that great injustice has been done to the administration in the representations to which he refers. Any man, whig or democrat, who has been guilty of such frauds as are described in this letter, ought to be logical power, and stripped of his mask and branded with infamy.

The following article from the "N. York Morning News" forcibly illustrates the policy of the whigh while it was in the ascendency. Among the first acts of without providing a substitute. They then contracte debts, and made long loans, having ten and twenty without making provision for redemption at par when the treasury should possess a surplus; but, or the contrary, fastening interest upon the people for these periods, unless the government should submit to pay stockjobbers such a premium as they might ask to receive pay in advance. Then they gave us the unequal and unjust tariff, designed to raise much more revenue than is needed—more than an eco-nomical and prudent administration would wish to spend. This produces a surplus which, for the want of a treasury of its own, the government is compelled to leave in banks, when it is loaned out at a profit of 6 or 7 per cent. paid in advance, and is the means of aiding speculators to indulge in schemes of extravagance. This is whig policy, whig financiering, and whig patriotism. Can there be a doubt but that this whole scheme was deliberately conmannered pupil hereafter, we will overlook the mannered pupil hereafter, we will overlook the people's independent treath to pay at par. The taway with such puerilities! When we said the present duty on silk bore hard and unca tariff is created to produce a surplus. The banks compelled to pay 5 and 6 per cent. for ten and twen-ty years on millions borrowed. This is madness, but there is "a method" in this whig madness,

Government finances.—The amount of the government funds on deposite for the past year has been as follows:

	UNITED STATES SURPL	US REVENUE ON DEPOSITE
	1844.	Amount.
	July 24	
		10,029,612
	Aug. 26	
*	Sept. 23	
	Dec. 30	12,401,254
	Jan. 27	9,688,884
	Mar. 25	
	April 23	
	May 28	8,211,136
	June 23	
	July 28	8,068,853
	Aug. 25	
		10,069,638

and the processing of the signature of the plane between the signature of the plane between the plane of the plane between the plane of the plane between the plane of the pla

Our charge at Buenos Ayres is Mr. Wm. Brent, r, of Virginis; and to any one who has ever met breathen's character should thus be loaded with reproach, in order to aid in the crusade against Gov. Wright? We protest against the President's name using used to prejudice a faithful democrat and a quoted superfluous. But as the article has been copposed efficient public offices.

swer to one of the communications of the Argentine government, he made assertions so contrary to his Brent a copy of his memorandum of the triple con-ference, which, together with a copy of the memo-randum of Mr. Arana on the subject, was enclosed

oncile the two.

Mr. Ouseley endeavored to extricate hims and an official despatch; and then stated that Mr. Brent had betrayed his confidence, in giving the Arfirst an official one, and afterwards, when it was con

nise the rigorous blockade of Montevideo, and open ly declared that that measure would end the war plete tool of the French minister, and took this method ofgetting clear of previous engagements; and, by his shuffling policy, disgusted the Argentine govhim again; and his career as her Britannic Majesty's minister has been very short. He at first sustained the Argentine government in their just belliger rights, and afterwards did all he could to overthe them. One of the reasons alleged by Mr. Ouseky for not having official intercourse with Mr. Brent, was, that, as charge, he was not his equal in rank The Argentine government have had a full minis credited near our government for seven years.

presses the strangest, the most illiberal, the most ridiculous doubts of Mr. Polk in regard to our oreign concerns. The editor himself will be hamed, before sixty days are over his head, of

cording to the true ad valorem principle of truth and nance such reckless correspondents and sanctic such ridiculous speculations, we suspect very few o

GEORGIA ELECTION.

We have a few additional returns of the election for governor, which took place on the 6th instant. The four last named counties we republish from

mat might a Onion,	tot ree but	hose of suc
the aggregate togethe	er:	
Counties. C	rawford (W.)	McAllister
Greene	791	115
Columbia		
Lincoln	94 maj	
Richmond		
Chatham		
Effingham		
Baldwin	315	268
	-	-
Company of the Section	3118	1683
	1683	
NOT THE ACT OF THE PARK		
Crawford's maj. so f	ar, 1435	

FROM MEXICO. rig Peteraburg arrived yesterday morning ra Cruz, whence she sailed on the 24th of er. We have had later advices, but Capt. furnishes some items of information.

Cauz, Sept. 13—Business very dul, and

woney scarce. No importations, on account of the new tariff, expected soon. Weather very hot, sultry, and rainy, but the sickness had somewhat abatry, and rainy, but the sickness had somewhat abated. There had been a horrible murder committed at Vera Cruz a few days previous to sailing, on the person of an old Italian and his clerk, at their own store, in one of the most public thoroughfares in the place, and in open daylight. Money was the object, as he had amassed sufficient, and was preparing to self out in a few days, and return to his own country. Cold-blooded murders are not unfrequent in and about Vera Cruz. The authorities take little or no notice of them. A rumor was about, that orders had been given to transport the Mexican fleet, consisting of 2 steamers, 3 brigs, 2 schooners, and 6 gun-boats, up the Alvarado river to Thlacotalpo; they may as well, as the government cannot raise money to pay their engineers, who have been walking about for the last six months, not receiving a cent of their pay, and finding themselves. The war fever had generally subsided, although the Mexicans have some 10,000 or 12,000 men ready to march on Texas, as soon as means can be raised. There had been but four foreign arrivals at Vera Cruz since the 7th of August.

EDITOR'S CORRESPONDENCE.

of capital, enforced by the iron power of monarchy in the Old World, that has ground the great mass of the people into the dust, into misery, want, and starvation!

ief over the last scene of mortality!

Look throughout Europe, wherever monarchy rules—where labor is taxed for the benefit of capital—and what do we see but the same picture, modified to some extent by circumstances that surround in

And, pray, look at ourselves—our boasted republic. Where are we? What are we doing? Whither tending? Have not grasping capitalists seized upon the legislative power of the country, and induced it to fall into the fatal error, the life-destroying liberty, and annihilating policy of England, of taxing labor for the benefit of capital?

The appearance of the company of the

The venerable Amos Kendall was in this city yesterday, engrged in the adoption of measures for the construction of the magnetic telegraph between Philadelphia and New York, which will be completed early next month. This will be a vast improvement, and will confer upon the country the greatest advantages. Mr. Kendall petitioned our city councils last evening to be permitted to place the supporters of the wire along the side-walks, as is done in New York.

The failure of the potato crop in Europe will have a most salutary effect upon the prices of American breadstuffs. It appears that in Belgium, and of the countries, the greatest fears begin to be entertained of a famine; while in Holland the government has forbidden the export of potatoes. The recent grain-crops in Pennsylvania were most plentiful; and the same may be asid of other parts of the country. The result will be, that the Old World must rely upon the United States for their supplies—a fact which will have the happiest effect upon the prosperity of this country.

The Academy of Fine Arts has been handsomely improved; but, as it is situated in the rear of the Artists' Fund Hall, in Chestnut street, all the beauties of its renovated state are hidden from view. It is now proposed to remove the Artists' Fund Hall, and, in the space thus created in front of the academy, a fountain suitably ornamented will be placed. The sides of the area leading to the academy will be lined with statues—an improvement that will give to the whole a highly classical appearance.

At the late October election in this city, the whigh had a little more than nine hundred majority over the stronger of the two other parties. With activity, care, and good management, I have no doubt that the democrate can carry the city on Tuesday next. The city whigh have lost many votes by the native organization, whilst the democrats retain their force almost unimpaired in the city. It is reasonable to

The city whigs have lost many votes by the native organization, whilst the democrate retain their force almost unimpaired in the city. It is reasonable to believe that the democratic vote will be augmented by large additions from the whig party, of those who are adopted citizens. These citizens must see, by this time, who are their fast friends. These citizens must see, by this time, who are their fast friends. These citizens must see, by this time, who are their fast friends. These citizens must see, by this time, who are their fast friends. These citizens must see, by this time, who are their fast friends. These citizens must see, by this time, who are their fast friends. These citizens must see, by this time, who are their fast friends. These citizens must see, by this time, who are their fast friends. These citizens must see, by this time, who are their fast friends. These citizens must see, by this time, who are their fast friends. These citizens must see, by this time, who are their fast friends. These citizens must see, by this time, who are adopted citizens. The series of the value of the tomb, To be soil where affection is ever in bloom.

And/O: when death comes in his terrors, to cast His fears o'er the future, his pall o'er the past—His fears o'er the future, his pall o'er the past—His fears o'er the future, his pall o'er the past—His fears o'er the future, his pall o'er the past—His fears o'er the future, his pall o'er the past—His fears o'er the future, his pall o'er the past—His fears o'er the future, his pall o'er the past—His fears o'er the future, his pall o'er the past—His fears o'er the future, his pall o'er the past—His fears o'er the future, his pall o'er the past—His fears o'er the future, his pall o'er the past—His fears o'er the future, his pall o'er the past—His fears o'er the future, his pall o'er the past—His fears o'er the future, his pall o'er the past—His fears o'er the future, his pall o'er the past—His fears o'er the future, his pall o'er the past—His fears o'er the future, his p

can read it attenuvely, however, without finding retury of the Navy will visit the navy-yard to-day.

"The bazaar," or Ladies' Fair for the benefit of the Academy of Fine Arts, has been largely and fashionably attended since its opening. The fancy articles displayed are very rare and costly, and attest not only great liberality in the donors, but the moet finished taste and skill on the part of those who made them. The proceeds of the bazaar are expected to be quite large.

Professor Henry S. Patterson was elected, on Monday last, resident physician at the Blockley Almshouse. This is a capital selection. Professor Patterson is not only a physician of the highest standing, but has few superiors as a writer and a scholar. His contributions to our literature have been marked by great purity, fearlessness, and elegance; and his talents have always been devoted to the support of the best interests of the country. It is to be worthy of the confidence reposed in him.

Our courts are laying the strong arm of the law upon those who were conspicuous in the late risks.

Whital, and 2d Lieutenant Whiting.
Company "K"—Capt. Merrill, 1st Lieut. Root, and 2d Lieut. Robinsen.
Company "G"—Capt. Chapman, 2d Lieut. Norvell, and Brevet 2d Lieut. Smith.
Company "A"—Lieut. Brooke, and Brevet 2d Lieut. Picher.
Company "B"—Ist Lieut. Stevenson, 2d Lieut. Grisse, and Brevet 2d Lieut. Howe.
Dr. Russell, M. T. Jamison, sutler, and Lieut. Irons, of the 1st regiment artillery.—New Orleans Tropic, Oct. 3.

In the tempest of life, when the wave and the gale Are around and above, if thy footing should fail— If thine eye should grow dim, and thy caution depar Look aloft I and be lim, and be fearless of heart. If the friend who embraced in prosperity's glow, With a smile for each joy, and a tear for each wo,

By A. Green, Auctioneer.

The publishers, and Mr. Franck Taylor, bookseller of this city, have our thanks for the "History of the War in France and beignin in 1815, containing minute details of the battles of Quatre-Bras, Ligny, Wavre, and Waterloo, by Captain W. Siborne, secretary and adjutant of the Royal Military Asylum, constructor of the Waterloo medal. First American, from the second London edition, with plates of the battles and maps: Philadelphis, Lea and Blanchard, 1845."

This is one of the most important and elaborate works which have been written upon this evermemorable campaign. The author, a British officer, who served in it, is, of course, imbued with national predilections, and with that disposition to think and speak or write well of everything done by Wellington, which, if a national and professional weakness, is an honorable one, to say the least of it. He enters into the most minute and interesting descriptions of the every movement of his here?

VALUABLE LOTS AND HOUSES IN SQUARE No. 104 FOR SALE AT PUBLIC AUCTION.

No. 104 FOR SALE AT PUBLIC AUCTION.

BY VIRTUE of a deed of trust, executed by the late Joseph Forrest, eaq., or the 2d of February, 1838, and at the request of some members of his family, the subscriber will offer for sale, at public auction, on Thursday, the 23d day of October, instant, at half-past four o'clock, p. m., on the premises, the following lots in square No. 104, in the city of Washington, together with the buildings and improvements thereon, viz:

The north part of lot No. 1, fronting 25 feet, by the whole depth of the lot; and Lot No. 13.

The terms of sale are: One-fourth of the purchase money to be paid in hand, and the residue in 6, 12, and 18 months—the purchaser to give notes, satisfactorily endorsed, bearing interest from the day of sale, and a deed of trust on the property; and, on full payment of the purchase money, the subscriber will convey to the purchase money, the subscriber will convey to the purchase money, the subscriber will conveyed in the aforesaid deed.

R. W. DYER & CO.,
Oct 11—dtsif

POOTS AND SHOES.—The undersigned have received a large portion of their fall supply, which, added to their former stock, makes their assortment very large and general, consisting of about three hundred cases and trunks, embracing almost every quality and variety in their line of business. They enumerate a few of the leading articles, viz: 2000 pairs negro brogans, various qualities and prices; 500 pairs of them such as have never before been in this market for quality and sizes, being double-soled and nailed.

500 nairs boya' and youths' coarse brogans. various programs was a supplied to the supplie

500 pairs boys' and youths' coarse

Gentlemen's black and drab cloth gaiters, a ind beautiful article
Ladies' gaiters and half-gaiters, various coloset quality, daily expected
Ladies' walking shoes, slippers, and Paris tie
Ladies' black and white satin slippers and wild do.

THE public are respectfully informed that the entire Oratorio of Jepthab, with full chorus A entire Oratorio of Jepthab, with full chorus and orchestral accompaniment, will be performed at Carusi's Saloon, on Tuesday evening, 14th instant. On this occasion Mr. Hewitt will be aided by some of the most distinguished professors and amateurs of Washington, who have kindly volunteered their valuable services in order to give full power to his production, which is to be brought before a New York audience during the winter.

The subscription having proved more liberal than was anticipated, but a limited number of tickets will be left for disposal at the music and stationery store of Gerret Anderson, where a pamplet containing the words may be had. Price of tickets fifty cents.

ce is earnestly solicited.
J. H. HEWITT.

TUCKER & SON, Merchant Tailors,

TUCKER & SON, Merchant Tailors,

Pennsylomia avenue, between Brown's and Coleman's

Hotels,

CORDIALLY invite the public generally, and
their former patronarespectively, to their semiannual exhibition of French and English cloths,
casaimeres, ventings, &c. The collection for the
present fall and approaching winter, for purity of
taste, extent of variety, and diversity of quality, we
are of opinion cannot be excelled in this or any
other market, and, with regard to price, will surely
be found agreeable to the purchaser.

It shall be our aim, insofar as the manufacture of
these goods into articles of wearing apparel is concerned, to sustain the reputation of the establishment.

ment. Sept. 29—d2wif

Sept. 29—d2wif

NOTICE.—Was committed for 20 days, on the 28th July last, to the jail of Harford county, a negro man calling himself John Lemon, as a runaway. Says he is free, and that he was born in York county, Virginia, and was raised in Surry county, and left there in June last. He is five feet eight inches high, straight and well made, though rather slight. Is a good-looking negro—straight nose; has a sear on his left wrist, said to be occasioned by a burn. Had on, when committed, a blue-cloth cost, gray cassinet pants, with black stripes, check shirt, glazed cap. Had a bundle containing a check and a muslin shirt. The owner of the above described negro is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

HENRY RICHARDSON,
Sheriff of Harford county, Maryland.
Oct. 9tf



C. H. VAN PATTEN, M. D. maylvania avenue, a few doors west of Brown' Hotel.

W INE STORE.—John H. Buthman, Pennsylvania avenue, south side, between 44 and 6th streets, has for sale, for medicinal purposes—20 dozen bottles wild cherry cordial 20 do very superior port wine.

Superior port wine on draught. Oct 9—3tif DIE NATIONAL ZEITUNG,

(German National Gazette,)
CENTRAL organ of the American population or German nativity in the United States published weekly, at Washington, D. C.

Two dollars per annum;
One dollar for session of Congress;
Advertisements at the rates usual in this city.
J. G. KLENCH,
Publisher and Propriete

HENRY'S CALCINED MAGNESIA.—A
case of this superior article is to-day received,
direct from the importer. For sale by
J. F. CALLAN.

dress shoes, various qualities Gentlemen's black and drab cloth gaiters, a new

THE GRAND ORATORIO OF JEPTHAH.

Notice.—Ladies and gentlemen chorus and orchestra are informed thearsal will take place at Carusi's Sa day evening at 7 o'clock. Punctual attendance is carnestly s

Oct. 11-3tif